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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
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More than seven hundred lives of Columbus have been written in various languages.

Dumas, the French writer, having been accused of accepting a bribe, put forward a unique plea. He declared, with much show of virtuous indignation, that it was a large bribe.

Among the coachmen of Berlin are seven retired army officers, three expastors, and sixteen nobles. London even beats this, for her "cabbies include a marquis, a baron and an ex-Member of Parliament.

The Supreme Court of Michigan has decided that a married woman cannot collect the money she earns unless she can prove that she is her husband's agent. The earnings of a wife belong to her husband to do what he pleases with.

The country mail in Norway is now delivered by postmen on bicycles. The wheel is daily proving itself something more than a fanciful toy, observes the Providence Army Journal, and has evidently come to help men along on life's journey.

Rev. Dr. Matthews says that in the Presbyterian churches in Holland it is the rule for a man, when he begins to be sleepy in church, to rise and stand till he gets wide-awake again. It is not an unusual sight to see a dozen or more men standing at the same time.

It is pointed out that Tom Thumb, the midget, used to eat more than Chang, the Chinse giant. Any one who takes the trouble to observe men when they eat, declares the New York World, will notice that, as a rule, small men or men of ordinary phsique stow away more food than the big fellows.

Within historical times the southern hemisphere has never been the seat of empire. The Incas and the Javanese were the only nations which flourished there. Of the 1,350,000,000 human beings which now inhabit the earth, not more than 60,000,000 have their home to the south of the equator. The northern hemisphere is the seat of knowledge and power. It is the commercial hemisphere.

Instead of saying as rich as the Rothschilds, the New York Mail and Express avers that, they now say in Europe as rich as Vanderbilt or Gould. In England the common run of people may know who is President of the United States. It is by no means certain, but there is no one in England who has not heard of Vanderbilt or Gould. On the continent, Edison is a name perhaps equally well known.

Western Australia with its enormous territory does not supply enough cattle and sheep for local consumption. This land is remarkable for its immense area of arid sand upon which the only green thing that flourishes is the inevitable gum-tree. Of grass there is almost none, and even the kangaroos are half starved. The non-arrival of a cargo of live stock by steamer from South Australia is sometimes a serious matter in the more western colony.

A mischievous boy in a German village school set fire to a mound of meadow hay and the local magistrate ordered that he be sent to prison for five days. Upon appeal to the Emperor the sentence was changed to five hours of school punishment daily for five days, and the six teachers at the school were instructed to take turns at mapping out a programme for the boy and see that he faithfully carried it out. The Prussian Teachers' Journal says it would like to know who burned that hay-mound, the boy or the teachers.

It is a fact not generally known, thinks the New York Telegram, that in Europe there are several monarchs who have not been formally crowned. The German Emperor, the kings of Italy, Wurtemburg, Belgium and Saxony have not at present undergone the ceremony of coronation. The baby king of Spain, the girl queen of Holland and the boy king of Servia, being under regents, have some excuse for not being crowned. The Austrian emperor has been crowned twice, and may be crowned a third time as king of Bohemia at Prague.

A decision just rendered at Washington proves that to New Jersey belongs the record of sending the youngest soldier to the Civil War, William R. Curtis, a native of Lambertville, takes precedence, according to the judgment just made. He was born in Lambertville on May 25, 1847, and enlisted in Company B, Thirty-eight New Jersey Volunteers, on Sept. 1, 1864. The company was raised in Lambertville. Young Curtis received an honorable discharge on May 29, 1865, and at once reenlisted in Company K, Seventeenth U. S. for three years. His final discharge was given for expiration of service at Fort Sedgwick, Wyoming, on Sept. 10, 1869.

'Tis Better to Hope.

Better to hope, though the clouds hang low,
And to keep the eyes still lifted;
For the sweet blue sky will soon peep through,
When the ominous clouds are drifted.

There was never a night without a day,
Nor an evening without a morning,
And the darkest hour, the proverb says,
Is the hour before the dawning.

—[Detroit Free Press.

Deacon Brackett's Proposal.

"Will, Will!" cried Dolly, running in great haste down the lane one bright spring morning.

"Whoa! Good morning," said Will, pulling up the deacon's old horse Steady at the gate. "Much obliged to you, I'm sure, for coming down here to see me," as he waited.

"Don't tease, Will; I had a reason for coming, of course. Is Deacon Brackett at home today?"

"Yes, and likely to be for awhile. He cut his foot yesterday, chopping up in the birch pasture."

"Is it a bad cut, Will?"

"No—that is, only a flesh wound, but it will confine him to the house for a week or two, I suppose. Are you coming over to see him?"

"No, of course not; but Aunt Serena wanted me to ask."

"Oh! then she's coming!" unwittingly hitting on the truth. "What can she be coming to see the deacon for?"

"Well," replied Dolly, "I suppose she wouldn't want anything said about it, but we heard the deacon wanted to sell the ten-acre field, and Aunt Serena will pay him as much for it as any one else can afford to. It joins her lot you know, and she always said it ought to belong to the farm."

"So that's it," said Will; "didn't know, seeing it's leap-year, but she might have some idea"——

"Nonsense! I wish she had, though. She said only this morning, jokingly, she'd a good mind to propose to the first single man she met, for hired help's worse than no help, and it will take all the crops she can raise to pay for raising them."

"That's about the case at home," exclaimed Will. "Mary Jane's mother's taken sick and sent for her this morning; I've just carried her to the depot, and the deacon's lame, and that leaves him with no housekeeper."

Dor-o-thy!" called her Aunt Serena from the door. "The clo'es are bilin' an' the butter has come."

"And I'm coming! Good-by, Will!"

"Good-by, Dolly; I guess, Miss Dame can buy the field."

Dolly ran into the house, and while her aunt stamped the golden balls of butter she deftly rinsed, wrung and hung the snowy clothes on the line.

"Aunt Serena," asked Dolly at dinner, just as her aunt poured out the second cup of tea, having noticed this was her most communicative time. "Deacon Brackett is a nice man, isn't he?"

"Law sakes, child, there ain't a better nowhere about. Sapin is a food calkilator; where you find one man his equal, you'll find ninety-nine wus ones."

"So I thought," observed her niece. "I wonder why he never married?"

"I can't tell ye that, I'm sure. Prap's the deacon's a little too particular. 'Taint every woman could suit him, brought up as he was."

"No, I dou't know of but one, and that's you, Aunt Serena."

"Don't be foolish, Dorothy," said Miss Dame, sharply. And Dolly, satisfied that her aunt would say nothing further on the subject, maintained a sagacious silence.

In the meantime Will had hurried home, where he found the deacon lying on the lounge, groaning dismally with the pain in his foot and the general condition of affairs.

"Did you get the liniment, William?" queried he, anxiously.

"Yes, sir; here it is. Shall I bathe your foot now?"

"No. You may loosen the bandage a bit, though, ef yer a mind tew. How on airth we're goin' tew git along till Mary Jane comes back is more'n I know."

"Well," answered Will, after an inspection of the larder, "there's plenty of cold ham and three loaves of bread, and I can boil eggs and roast potatoes, so we sha'n't starve for awhile I guess."

"Mebbe we might git Brother John's widder awhile."

"Can't," said Will, promptly; "she isn't at home."

"Then it's no use going for her," groaned the deacon.

"Not the least," replied Will. "By the way, when I came by the Dame's place, Dolly came down to the gate and said her Aunt Serena was coming over here this afternoon."

"Comin' here this arternoon?" echoed the deacon. "It's about that foncin', I s'pose."

"No," said Will, "I guess not—I think—I—that is," then desperately, "it's leap year, you know."

"And what of it 'tis?" queried the deacon, obtusely.

"Nothing only—well, I heard Miss Dame said she'd a good mind to take advantage of it's being leap year. You see, she's plagued about getting help and her farm does need a man to overlook it."

"William," said the deacon, blushing like a school girl, "you don't never mean"——

"I do, too," returned Will, not daring to meet the deacon's eye.

"Well, that beats all!"

But Will was already out of hearing, having gone to the woodshed, where he was alternately splitting wood and chuckling with laughter at the "good joke" he imagined he had on the Deacon. For he knew well the man's nature. Bashful to the last degree in the company of the opposite sex, the mere idea that Miss Serena might be coming with matrimonial intentions was enough to overwhelm him with confusion.

Meanwhile Miss Serena, having finished her dinner, thought she'd "better set off at once, not thinking best," as she informed Dolly, "to give the Deacon tew long a time to think it over and set his price."

So from his window, the Deacon, who was nervously watching the road with a sinking heart, soon perceived Miss Serena steadily approaching. Indeed, had it not been for his lameness, I am not sure but he would have taken ignominiously to flight. As it was, he felt he must "face the situation."

"How do ye dew, Deacon?" was Miss Serena's salutation, as she cordially shook his gingerly outstretched hand.

"Good arternoon, Miss Dame; won't ye hev a cheer?"

"Thank ye," said she, "I can't stop to set long, though I ain't in no great of a hurry, either, but seein' as I cum on bizness, I might as well cum tew the pint!" The Deacon winced, and Miss Serena, mistaking the expression for a spasm of pain, exclaimed: "Your foot's powerful bad; ain't it, Deacon?"

"Considerable so," the deacon admitted.

"What air you usin' on it?" inquired Miss Serena.

"I've been wettin' it in this liniment William got to the village."

"'Pothecary stuff," said she, sniffing at it contemptuously; "hev ye got any arniky flowers in the house?"

The deacon thought likely thar might be some somewhar, and, having procured them, Miss Serena "reck'ned she'd better lay off her bonnit and shawl and set 'em steepin'."

"How long afore you expect Mary Jane back?" asked she.

"I can't tell," said the deacon, "fur her mother's took down with sciatik roomatiz and thar's no knowin' when she can get away."

"Well, you air unfortinit," exclaimed Miss Serena; "seein's I'm here I'll tidy up a bit for ye."

So, little thinking the words she had spoken in jest to her niece that morning had reached the deacon's ears, she set to work and soon restored the household to its wonted order.

"Thar, now," said she, shaking up the pillows on the lounge; "seems to me you'd be more comfortable here, deacon."

"Mebbe so," said he, hobbling along to the lounge, lying on which he mentally decided; it had rested him just to see Miss Serena work.

Then the deacon remembered that she was called the best housekeeper for miles around and that her butter and cheese always took the premium at the county fair. To be sure, it must be hard for her to look after everything in doors and out.

"There ain't many woman," thought the deacon, "could 'a done as well as she has."

"Now, Deacon," said Miss Dame, having, as she expressed it, "straightened the house out a bit," "you want to mix equal parts of alkyhol with the arniky when it's steeped enough and it 'ill be master good for your foot, I'll warrant. Well, I declare," she went on, "in all the time I've been here, I hain't done my arrant yit. I've been thinking, deacon, seein' your land jined mine, ef you wanted"——

"I do," interrupted the deacon; "what this place needs is a mistress, and of you're a mind tew cum"——

"What?" exclaimed Miss Serena.

"As Mrs. Deacon Brackett," he continued.

As this was the first offer Miss Serena ever had she behaved creditably, for she promptly answered:

"I'll cum, deacon."

So Miss Serena left the house where she had been living so many years to pass the remaining ones at Deacon Brackett's as the deacon's wife. But the Dame homestead was not long untenanted, for the next year Will and Dolly were married and moved there. But neither of them ever knew whether Aunt Serena proposed to the deacon or the deacon proposed to Aunt Serena.—[Waverly Magazine.

Poison for Apache's Arrows.

We are indebted to L. B. Hawks, recently in the government Indian service in Arizona, for a graphic description of the manner in which some of the braves in the Apache region prepare their deadly arrows, says the Pomona (Cal.) Progress. Although the Apaches have had little or no use for their poisoned weapons for years, still they, because of a tribal instinct, each summer season go through an annual preparation of their arrow tips as carefully and methodically as if an old-time war were near at hand.

The work on the arrows is one piece of labor that the Indian brave will not leave to the squaws. He gathers a dozen or more rattlesnake heads and puts them in a spherical earthen vessel. With these he puts half a pint of a species of large red ant that is found in many parts of Arizona. The bite of this ant is more poisonous than that of a bee. Upon these he pours a bit of water, and then seals up with moist earth the lid of this vessel. He then digs a hole two feet deep into the ground, in which he builds a roaring fire and puts in some stones. When the interior of the hole and the stones are red hot he makes a place in the bottom of the earthen vessel and puts it in. About it and upon it he puts the coals and hot stones, and upon the top he builds a fierce fire and keeps it up for twenty-four hours. Then he digs out his vessel and, standing off with a long pole, he disengages the top and lets the fumes escape. The Indian insists that if the fumes should come in his face they would kill him. The mass left at the bottom of the vessel is a dark-brown paste.

To test the efficacy of his concoction Mr. Hawks has seen an Indian with his hunting knife make a cut in his bare leg, just below the knee, and let the blood run down to his ankle. Then taking a stick, he dipped it into the poison and touched the descending blood at the ankle. It immediately began to sizzle, as if it were cooking the blood, and the poison followed the blood right up the leg sizzling its way, until the Indian scraped the blood off with the knife. The savage assured Mr. Hawks that had he llowed the poisen to reach the mouth of the wound he would have been a dead man in twenty minutes.

Older Than Their Husbands.

Mahomet was only 25 when he married Kadyph, his first wife, who was fully 40.

Anne Hathaway was seven years older than Shakespeare. Dr. Johnson's wife was double his age. She was just 60 as he turned the rounding point of 30. Howard, the philanthropist, had a wife who was 52 when her husband was but 25.

At the time of Jenny Lind's marriage her age was given as 10 years the senior of Herr Goldschmidt.

A singularly happy marriage was that of the late Rose Terry Cooke, who died last summer, deeply lamented by a comparatively young husband. Another charmingly felicitous marriage in the literary circle of talented New England women is that of Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, who is idolized by her young husband, the Rev. Herbert Ward, African missionary and writer.

George Eliot, late in life, chose Mr. Cross, then in the thirties, to accompany her down the shadowy path of old age.

The Baroness Burdett-Coutts makes no secret of the fact that Mr. Burdett-Coutts is much her junior. And so the list might go on multiplying in numbers until one might fancy that half the marriages were in reversal of the first line of the old couplet, which runs:

Man for height; woman for youth;
Woman for beauty; both for truth.

And, when the list is closed, one must add the wonderful and historic record of the beautiful Mme. Recamier, who died at seventy-two, leaving a young husband of twenty-four to mourn her loss.—[New York World.

Mountains in the Atlantic.

Four years ago the British government sent out an expedition to map the bottom of the Atlantic ocean. The work is now about completed and a report has been issued. It shows that if the water were drained away the bed of the ocean would show a vast plain traversed near the center by a mountain range running parallel with the American coast. Another range running almost at right angles to this, extends from Newfoundland to Ireland. In a general way these facts were known before, but it is now ascertained that the tops of these sea mountains are about two miles below the surface and that the basins instead of being "unfathomed depths" are about four and one-half miles below the surface. Of course this is far enough but one would a great deal rather know that the bottom is five miles down than to be told that its location has not been ascertained. A curious fact regarding the mountains is that their tops are as white as though they lay in the region of perpetual snow. The reason for this, according to the Rochester Post-Express, is that the mountains are thickly covered with a species of pure white shells. The legends of the lost Atlantis are borne out by the finding of "an elevated plateau, the shape and extent of which corresponds to the size of the lost Atlantis almost exactly."

CAVALRY HORSES.

How They Are Obtained For the Mounted Service.

Like the Raw Recruit, They Must Be "Broken In."

Horses for the cavalry service are purchased mostly in St. Louis, and occasionally in Louisville, Kansas City, Omaha, San Francisco, and other points. The prices paid for them under the contract system range from $140 to $175. They are usually shipped in herds of from thirty to sixty direct to the headquarters of the regiment for which they are designed, without being put through any course of preliminary training for the new life they are to lead, and after a few days' rest are delivered to the various troops where remounts are needed, due regard being given to color.

The arrival of a herd of new horses at a cavalry post is always a source of much interest to the garrison. Officers and men—particularly the latter—take the first opportunity that occurs to visit the corral or stables, and have a look at the recruits, as they are justly regarded, and their qualities, good, bad, and indifferent, are commented upon and criticised by all hands, from the dignified commanding officer down to the young imp of a trumpeter born and bred in the service.

Like the newly inlisted soldier, when he first enters the army, where everything is so different from the life he has been accustomed to as a civilian, the "recruit" cavalry horse is surrounded by things new and strange to him, and it takes some time for him to become accustomed to the routine of his military duties and the regular and orderly manner of his new code of life. His stable, where he and some scores of his companions are housed, is usually very good nowadays, although it is not very long ago when at some posts the buildings and accomodations for the horses left much to be desired in their general adaptability for the purpose required.

Before dawn of day the horses are awakened to be fed, and the recruit frequently has his digestion impaired by the shock and fright caused him by the sudden boom of the morning gun, and the unaccustomed clanging trumpet notes, as the field musicians sound reveille. But he soon becomes used to this, and eventually recognizes many of the calls, particularly those referring to anything affecting him individually, as "stable call" or "water call," the halt, the advance, and others, and I have time and again noticed the impatience of horses on herd to return to the picket line when stable call has been sounded in camp some distance away. That the sound conveyed a distinct meaning to them other than the frequently recurring calls of the camp during the day, which they never noticed, was evident by the action of the horse—their restlessness, their raised heads, and eager neighing.

Horses that have become panic-stricken—"stampeded" the soldiers say—are often recalled by the quick sounding of "stable call" by as many trumpeters as can be assembled at the moment. I know of an instance of the kind where six troops on herd were "stampeded" and were galloping madly away, utterly beyond the control of the herders, when the trumpeters lustily sounded "stable call." Like human beings horses have their leaders; how selected, I will not venture to state, but in every troop certain horses lead the rest; and no sooner had the notes of the call rung out over the din and roar of the furious rush of the horses, when the leaders, circling around the camp several times, finally brought them to their several picket lines.—[Harper's Weekly.

Magnitude of the Exposition Buildings.

Every one who has not seen these buildings thinks he knows exactly what they are like, and does not want to hear anything more concerning them. At least one man thought he knew what they were like before he saw them, and certainly dreaded being told again in bewildering statistics of their area, height and cost. But when I saw them around the lagoon, in front of the main entrance, I wanted to be left entirely alone with them, as one wants to be left alone in front of a beautiful landscape or a great picture. There is no use of my trying to say why this was so, why they are impressive and dignified and beautiful, for I remember having read all this before of them, and of not considering it at all.

Their magnitude and their beauty, not on account of these qualities, but in spite of them, are not things of which the best writers on architecture—of which I am certainly not one—can give any idea; neither can colored prints with palm trees in the foreground and blue skies above, nor even photographs which "never lie". You can hardly hope to give another person an idea of anything unless there is something with which he is already familiar, and with which you can make comparison. In this case you can only compare the World's Fair buildings with Rome as we believe it was in its grandest days, and with those days we cannot claim to be intimate. One of the Spanish legation put it this way. "The Chicago buildings," he said, "are the buildings we should have seen in Paris; those of the Paris exhibition are those we might have expected to find at Chicago." That is exactly right, and one of the secondary surprises of this wonderful white city; that the city of art and letters of the Madeleine and of the Beaux-Arts should have fallen down and worshipped and Eiffel Tower an Edison electric lightings, and that the city of grain-elevators and pork should have reared a second city as classic in its beauty as the Athens of today, and as true in the detail of a cornice as it is grand as a whole.—[Harper's Weekly.

Decline of the Bow.

"The bow, once the world's chief weapon, is now almost completely a thing of the past," said Major D. C. Johnson, now a guest of the Laclede Hotel. "The more or less noble red man of the American forest now carries a Winchester and metallic cartridges, the Australian bushman is armed with a musket, and even the Congo natives blaze away at each other with villainous saltpetre.

The bow is no longer a military weapon of any considerable people. Even Cupid appears to be equipped with a repeating rifle and is blazing away at the stomach instead of the heart. We are accustomed to think of the bow as a harmless kind of weapon, fit only for small boys to shoot woodpeckers with, but I tell you that in the hands of a skillful archer it is one of the most terrible engines of destruction known to man. I have seen an Apache Indian drive a barbed arrow clear through a two-year-old buffalo and bring him down as though struck by the bolts of Olympian Jove. I would rather be struck by a minnie bullet than with one of those metal-pointed darts.

History tells us that when the Romans invaded Parthia under Cassius these Apaches of the East drove their arrows clear through them and pinned them to the earth. I would back a regiment of skilled archers to whip an equal number of soldiers armed with muzzle-loading muskets. The fire would be equally accurate and effective and much more rapid. I cannot understand how the old flint lock came to supplant the bow, unless military men were charmed by its noise. The old English bowman constituted a soldiery not to be scorned; the bow of Ulysses was a weapon that the bravest might well fear."—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Giant Birds of New Zealand.

The discovery of the Dinornis by the illustrious zoologist, Richard Owen, is famous as one of the most notable feats in the history of science. From a single imperfect bone—a femur broken at both ends—he deduced the fact that an enormous bird of the struthious order, but far exceeding the ostrich in size, formerly inabited New Zealand. This discovery, published in 1839, aroused much interest and led to further inquiry. Four years later, Mr. Owen was able to show, from a comparison of many fragments of skeletons that had reached him, that there had been at least six species of these gigantic birds. With additional materials, he, in 1850, had increased the number of species to eleven, classed in three genera, and varying in size from a kind no larger than the great bustard (or about five feet high) to one, the Dinornis giganteus, at least ten feet in height. Still later researches have shown that even this stature was in some instances surpassed, and that birds must have existed in New Zealand whose height attained fourteen feet, or twice that of the largest ostrich.—[Scientific American.

Odd Uses for Feathers.

One of the oddest uses for feathers is to recover women from fainting spells, by burning them. Probably their effectiveness for this purpose is largely imaginary, but faith in their efficacy is wide-spread and persistent. An ornithologist at the recent convention in Washington mentioned the fact that sailors make tobacco bags out of the skins of the feet of the albatross. They also manufacture pipe-stems out of the radius wing-bones of that great sea fowl, which are more than a foot long. The wing-bone of the wild turkey is used for a whistle, with which sportsmen imitate the cry of the gobbler more accurately than is possible with any other instrument.—[Boston Transcript.

Method In It.

"I thought you did not like Williamson?"

"Neither I do."

"Well, he tells me you sent his boy a Christmas gift?"

"Yes, I found one of the most maddening hand organs you ever listened to and sent it up."

Nicknames of the States.

The American tendency to apply a familiar designation to individuals and communities has led to the adoption of a colloquial name for nearly every State in the Union. Arkansas is the Bear State; California, the Golden State; Colorado, the Centennial. Connecticut has long flourished under the appellation of the Nutmeg State, together with several other designations more or less respectful, while Delaware is the Blue Hen State. It is natural that Florida should be the Peninsula State, and Georgia the Empire State of the South; Illinois, the Sucker State, or that of Indiana, the Hoosier State. Iowa rejoices under the cognomen of the Hawkeye State, while the appropriateness of a popular name is verified by that of Kansas, the Garden State.

Kentucky is the Corncracker State; Louisiana, the Pelican, an allusion to the coat-of-arms, while a similar reason has inspired the nickname given to Maine, the Pine Tree State. Massachusetts is the Old Bay State; Michigan, the Wolverine State; Minnesota, the Gopher State, the zoology of both furnishing the designations. Mississippi is the Bayou State, an allusion to a geographical feature. Missouri is poetically known as the Pennsylvania of the West.

Nevada is the Sage Hen State; New Hampshire, the Granite State; New York, the Empire State; North Carolina, the Tar State; Ohio, the Buckeye. Pennsylvania is the Keystone; Rhode Island is the Little Rhody; South Carolina, the Palmetto State; Tennessee is the Big Bend State; Texas, the Lone Star; Vermont, the Green Mountain; Virginia, the Old Dominion; West Virginia, the Panhandle, and Wisconsin, the Badger State.—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Remarkable Colored Lad.

The most remarkable specimen of humanity we have seen in all our life is Benjamin Franklin Coleman, colored, who is 5 years old. This little colored boy can readily find any chapter in the Bible. He can also read any book or newspaper bottom side up as easily as right side up. This wonderful boy lives at Ruston, La., with his grandfather, John Coleman, a man of more than ordinary intelligence. John brought his little son to Gibsland last Saturday, and the boy drew as large a crowd as a circus would have done. Sunday afternoon quite a crowd of the white people of Gibsland assembled at the colored church, where the boy read a number of chapters in the New Testament to the wonder and astonishment of the large assemblage present. Monday afternoon, while few were present and while we had an opportunity to see and hear for ourself, we asked this boy to turn to and read the 90th Psalm. He turned to the Psalm and read about as rapidly as we could keep up with him.

Then we had him read with book bottom side up, which was done with the same ease and rapidity as before turning the book. John Coleman stated to us that twelve months ago he thought he would teach his little grandson the alphabet, and gave him the book, and on the first day the boy learned every one of his A B C's, since which time he has been reading any printed matter given him. He cannot read manuscript. We asked John what he expected to make of his little grandson, and he said he didn't know, for the boy had got ahead of him; whereupon the boy said he wanted to be a preacher.—[Gibsland (La.) Gazette.

A Famous Letter to Washington.

The Philadelphia Record says that the original draft of the Rev. Jacob Duche's famous letter to General Washington, dated October 15, 1877, has come to light in a local collection of valuable documents. Dr. Duche was an old-time rector of Christ Church, Philadelphia. At the beginning of the Revolutionary War he figured as an ardent patriot, but when the British redcoats marched into Philadelphia and took possession of the city the alarmed rector suddenly found himself to be a most devoted Royalist. General Washington was then encamped in headquarters in Worcester Township, Philadelphia (now Montgomery) County, and to him Dr. Duches dispatched a letter, which now in printing takes up nearly eight quarto pages, urging him to return to the bosom of good King George. Washington immediately directed the epistle to Congress as a letter of a very curious and extraordinary nature."

He Was Permitted to Remain.

She—I did not expect you to call tonight. I think you come too often.

He—I'm sorry you think so. The minister is to blame for it.

She—The minister! Why is he to blame?

He—In his sermon last Sunday he said we should strive to be as near perfection as possible, and the easiest way for me to get near perfection is to come and see you.

She suffered him to remain.—[New York Express.

Youth and Age.

When all the world is young, lad,
When all the trees are green,
And every goose a swan, lad,
And every lass a queen.
Then hey for boot and horse, lad,
And around the world away,
Young blood must have its course, lad,
And every dog his day.

When all the world is old, lad,
And all the trees are brown,
And all the sport is stale, lad,
And all the wheels run down,
Creep home and take your place there,
The spent and maimed among,
God grant you find one face there,
You loved when all was young.

—[Charles Kingsley.

HUMOROUS.

The lazy man aims at nothing, and generally hits it.

The scarecrow has its uses, though it doesn't aid the caws any.

"Is Miss Hinote a good singer?" "She must be. Every other girl in the choir seems to dislike her."

"Was the pug dog mad that the policeman shot?" "Gee, whiz! no; but the woman that owned him was."

He (anxiously)—You are not your own dear self tonight, sweetheart. She (passively)—No, darling, I am yours.

Diner—Waiter, how long will my omelette be? Waiter—I can't tell exactly, sir, but they average about nine inches.

Dombey—Bagley is an unfortunate combination. Anson—How so? Dombey—He has a quail-on-toast appetite attached to a liver-and-bacon income.

Travers—This overcoat seems pretty tight around the chest. Tailor—When you have taken the money out of your pocketbook to pay for it, it will fit all right.

"Do you quarrel with your neighbor yet about his dog coming over into your garden?" "No, that's all over now." "Buried the hatchet?" "No; buried the dog."

Quoth he, "These tombstones lines I read
Are just a little chaffy;
The epitaphs I find indeed
Are mainly epitaffy."

The most difficult part of being a hero is the trying to look as if you don't know you were one and yet not looking as if you were too thundering cocksure you weren't.

Little Dot—Oh mamma, there's a sign "Puppies for sale." Won't you buy me one? Mamma—Wait till you are a little older, dear. Little Dot—But then they'll be dogs.

Mrs. Earls—Your daughter has been studying painting, has she not?" Mrs. Lamode—Yes. You should see some of the sunsets she paints. There never was anything like them.

"What's the matter with the baby?" asked a lady of a little girl, whose baby brother she had understood to be ailing. "Oh, nothin' much," was the answer. "He's only hatchin' teeth."

Friend—So your mother keeps the strap she whips you with in the woodshed. Don't you think that's a queer place for it? Tommy—Oh no; that's where all the burning material is kept.

"What you need," said the physician, "is more exercise." "No, it isn't replied the young man, emphatically. "It's the exercise that the piano player on our floor practices that brought me here."

She took my hand in sheltered nooks,
She took my flowers, candy, books,
Gloves, anything I cared to send—
She took my rival in the end.

Jess—I thought that you hated Jack, and yet you have accepted him. Bess—I did hate him; but he proposed under an umbrella and said if I refused he would let the rain drop on my new hat.

School Inspector—Your primary class does very well in arithmetic, Miss Bluehose, especially in addition. Teacher—Yes, sir. It is when you hear them in addition that you realize how little things count up.

Major Costic—That young Chappie-sor doesn't appear to know his own mind. Col. Sarcast—I'm glad to hear it, for I have frequently heard his poor father caution him against forming undesirable acquaintanceships.

Agatha Æsthete—If there were only something in this mundane world that would solace all these vague yearnings satisfy one's wildest longings and fill the aching void within? Charlie Replete—What is the matter with pie.

Looking Into the Future.

Miss Twitter—I want to ask you a question, Mr. Dombey. I hope—ah—you won't think me forward.

Mr. Dombey—Have no hesitation, Miss Twitter.

Miss Twitter—I am going to have some handkerchiefs embroidered, and I was wondering whether it would be safe to have the initials of my maiden name placed on them?—[The Million.

Evidence of Good Faith.

Father—Does that young man mean business?

Daughter—I guess he does, father. He is getting so familiar now that he wears the same necktie twice in succession.—[Clothier and Furnisher.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

FARM MANAGEMENT.

Farming, like every other industry, to be profitable must be done well There are plenty of farmers, good men, too, if we speak of them morally and socially, who are so loose in their business relations that they are always behind the times.

Many husbandmen who have started in life with nothing but ambition and determination, where others have fallen with many superior advantages in a financial way, have made ample fortunes. It takes brains to manage a farm right.

A farmer should make a study of the adaptability of the soil which he cultivates, always planting that which the soil will produce best without robbing it of all its strength and fertility. A little shrewd management is often better than a year's labor.

THE INDIANS.

The recent census of the Indians in the United States shows that there are 270,000 of them. Of this number only 133,000 are under direction and control of the Government, and only 34,000 are really maintained a government expense. To maintain these 34,000 Indians and keep up the agencies and various machinery of the Indian system costs about $8,000,000. This seems like a great waste of money. The CAROLINIAN holds that the time has come when the Indians should be put on good lands, allotted to them in severalty, and made to support themselves.

ITS VALUE TO FARMERS.

In 1891, during the eight months ending February 28 of that year, the exports of breadstuffs from the United States to Cuba, Porto Rico Santo Domingo and Brazil amounted in value to $4,005,000.

In 1892, during the corresponding period under Republican Reciprocity, our exports of similar produce to the same countries amounted to $4 760,000.

This increase of $755,000, or 19 per cent, was due to the Republican Reciprocity. Do farmers wish to give it up?

THE LEGISLATURE

The Legislature was organized by electing John L. King, of Guilford, temporary President of the Senate, and Lee S. Overman, of Rowan, Speaker of the House. The message of Gov. Holt was a lengthy but an able and interesting one. Already a number of bills have been introduced, among them one for State banks. The date for the inauguration of State officers has been fixed for the 18th inst.

There is restlessness in Russia. A widespread conspiracy aimed at the Czar is being unearthed, a number of officers of high rank being implicated; and there is discontent in the army because there is no war, and because the Czar doesn't seem to want one. Finally the persecution of the Hebrews is so bitter and persistent as to renew the world's censure.

The Boston Traveller says that if immigration increases in the same ratio from 1890 to 1910 as from 1870 to 1890 the alien arrivals will number over 30,000,000, and the blooming natives of the country will be permitted to have very little to say about its management.

When President Harrison leaves the White House in March, he will have the satisfaction of knowing that during his four years administration the public debt has been reduced $200,000,090 and the interest charge $11,000,000. Will Democracy do as well?

It appears to be finally determined that North Dakota gives one electoral vote each to Harrison, Cleveland and Weaver. This instance of strict impartiality is without a precedent in the history of the Electoral vote.

Dr. Richard H. Lewis, Secretary of the North Carolina Board of Health, has issued a very interesting paper on the subject of Typhoid fever, which contains valuable information.

The total loss by fire in the United States during the year 1892 is estimated at $156,324,535 This is a good deal of property to go up in smoke.

There is a certain dread in the minds of many conservatives and straight-out Democrats that Cleveland is going to be a sort of "Man on Horseback" to his party.

Congress is already suffering from its old "no quorum" ailment. So early in the session, too. It is time for old Dr. Caucus to take that patient in hand.

The State Board of Health will meet in special session at Raleigh on the 24th inst, to consider Sanitary subjects.

CURRENCY DESTROYED.

The aggregate of United States currency, fractional and otherwise, amounting to [illegible] have been destroyed and [illegible] to be presented for redemption approximates $14,000,000. A recent estimate prepared at the Treasury Department places the sum at $20,000,000. This money can only be taken out of the liabilities of the Government by Congressional enactment. This will probably be attempted in the near future. The investigations into the subject have shown that the money lost has been destroyed in railroad wrecks that [illegible] no inconsiderable quantity has been destroyed by fires that occurred in country banks, post offices and residences.

GOOD ROADS.

One of the best arguments for good roads is contained in a calculation recently published in one of the Eastern papers. It states that on [illegible] muddy, but sandy roads can draw only twice as much on his back; on a [illegible] road, three and a half times as much; on a good macadamized road, twenty five times as much; on a stone track way, thirty times as much, and on metal rails [illegible] as much. The [illegible] country roads can [illegible] the advantage of having [illegible] condition.

EACH OTHER.

[illegible] are not having a [illegible] election over their [illegible] have begun their [illegible] over the [illegible] They are [illegible] with a vigor [illegible] they ever showed [illegible] Democrats, and they [illegible] mutual hate [illegible] bound to produce [illegible] in coming contest [illegible] and Mugwumpery, although [illegible] the country [illegible] by the Democrats, and encouraging [illegible] unalterably [illegible] that to such [illegible] Administration [illegible] Presidential

FOR THE SPORTSMEN

[illegible] that the crowd in [illegible] upon the inauguration of [illegible] 4th of March [illegible] Washington every [illegible] accommodated. The throng will [illegible] the arrest of hungry and [illegible] who need fleces unfortunate [illegible] former administration [illegible] about 150,000 [illegible] who are for [illegible] and "protection" [illegible] in the pursuit [illegible] to be a great [illegible], but there will [illegible] among the [illegible] after the affair is [illegible]

[illegible] Gov. Holt for a Road [illegible] found in another [illegible]

LITERARY NOTICES.

[illegible] received the January [illegible] *Journal*, the weekly [illegible] popular monthly farm [illegible] published by Wilmer Atkinson, [illegible] gardener, stockman, dairyman poultryman and [illegible] and even their wives and children will find it crowded [illegible] It aims [illegible] than the others to [illegible] the point, in [illegible] and not shirk [illegible] to all parts of [illegible] South, East and [illegible] very best people [illegible] clean, honest, [illegible] ive, with no ax [illegible] ride. It is for [illegible] last and all the [illegible] to Wilmer Atkinson, Pa., for a [illegible] handsome [illegible] and prominent [illegible] will they say [illegible] sample copy will [illegible] free, to all our [illegible] scription rate is 50 [illegible] there are it era[illegible] who get up a [illegible]

[illegible] on the 4th inst., [illegible] death warrants, as follows: [illegible] Knight of Surry, crim[illegible], burglary, date of execution, February 5th; [illegible] Humphries, of Cleveland county, murder of J. M[illegible] execution, January 6th last, date of execution, February 17; William and [illegible] Wilson, brothers, Mitchell county, murder, date of execution, February 27. In each of these cases there had been an appeal to the Supreme court which resulted in the sustaining of the lower court.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup the best! The whole family say so. Mr Joseph Mcnutt, Stanwix Hall, Albany, N. Y., writes from that famous old hostelry: "I had a very bad cough. I tried different cough syrups and they did me no good. A friend told me to try Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and I find using three bottles in three weeks has cured my cough. I always use it for cold."

Howell Hearne, of Pitt county, was drowned near Centre Bluff in that county. He had been to a bar room and in attempting to cross the river must have fallen in.

The steamer Carolina was sunk at Vanceboro, Pamlico county, by a leak caused by moving against sheets of ice during the recent freeze.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6, 1892.

Senator Gorman's scheme for obtaining control of the U. S. Senate, and for the wiping out of every vestige of federal supervision of National elections, by means of a corrupt bargain with the populists, is, according to the information received by prominent Republicans, among them Chairman Carter, who was in Washington this week, in a fair way to succeed. The Republican Senators might have outbid Gorman in concessions to the financial and other crank ideas of the populists, but no Republican Senator was willing to retain control of the Senate on any such terms. The Republican party has given this country the best financial system it has ever had, although it fully recognizes the fact that perfection has not yet been reached, and its leaders are not willing to leave a stain upon the party's bright record in the pages of history by being parties to any compromise with the isms of the populists. The Democrats had no such scruples—they never knew the meaning of the word—and Senator Gorman, with the approval of so-called prophet of reform, Mr. Grover Cleveland, has been bargaining with those who claim to be able to dispose in advance of the populist Senators votes. Most Republicans will agree with the leaders of the party that it is better to lose control of the Senate than to retain it by the loss of self respect which would necessarily have followed and concessions made to the populists.

Mr. Cleveland's latest pronunciamento, made through his faithful and confidential friend, Dan Lamont, may prove to be a boomerang. It has upset the calculations of lots of Democratic Senators and Representatives who opposed Mr. Cleveland's nomination, as to patronage under the coming administration, for it says in unmistakable language, although not in these precise words, that Mr. Cleveland proposes taking care of those who favored his nomination first last and all the time, and has no use for the Democrats who opposed his nomination. If he lives up to this announcement he will find himself in many democratic predicaments before his administration is one year old, for it is well known that more than a majority of the Democratic Senators and Representatives were openly opposed to Mr. Cleveland's nomination, and that the manner in which he obtained his nomination was reduced to a fine art.

Senator Hill seldom displays his feelings to the extent that he has since his return from Albany, where he went to see that all parts of his machine, which is to elect brewer Murphy to the United States Senate, was in good working order. He fairly beams with satisfaction over the situation. Mr. Cleveland opened the fight on him in what he regards as an entirely uncalled for manner, and he says that when the Democratic caucus of the New York legislature meets next Tuesday only seven Democrats will vote against Murphy, and they were on record as opposing him before Mr. Cleveland came to one against him. The Cleveland Democrats now shamefacedly claim that Mr. Cleveland never expected to defeat Murphy and that he has done nothing beyond expressing his own personal opposition to him. Which only shows what Scripture has said to Senator Hill: he smiled knowingly as much as to say "rest true to the marines."

A Remedy.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containing, nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of stomach, liver or kidneys. It will cure sick headache, indigestion, constipation and drive malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price only 50 cents per bottle. Sold by Wadsworth.

The North Carolina Commercial and Industrial Association, which was organized on the 10th of last August at Morehead, held an interesting meeting at Raleigh Thursday. Some of the subjects brought before the meeting were "The Repeal of the Merchant's License Tax," "Chain Gangs," "Immigration," and "Public Roads." The Association adjourned to meet again in Raleigh January 16th.

Col. W. G. Lewis, Engineer of the State Board of Education, says the survey of swamp lands during the past season has covered nearly 70,000 acres in the counties of Craven, Jones, Carteret and Pamlico. About 135,000 acres remain unsurveyed.

Simmons Liver Regulator is invaluable in the nursery. It is a gentle laxative, and harmless.

The *Argonaut* office, Rocky Mount, was burned to the ground Thursday night. Some of the fixtures were saved but not all.

To prevent fevers, keep the liver active and bowels regular with Simmons Liver Regulator.

Mr. William H. Brogden, brother of ex-Governor Curtis H. Brogden, who was recently convicted in Wayne county of manslaughter and sentenced to six years in the penitentiary has been pardoned by Gov. Holt.

A certain cure for malarial fevers is found in Simmons Liver Regulator.

The State University at Chapel Hill opened on the 5th inst. with 312 students. There is every prospect of a larger increase. Much enthusiasm prevails.

In all derangements of the liver a cure is certain if you take Simmons Liver Regulator.

Public Road Congress.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas there is a growing disposition on the part of the people of the State to discuss matters tending to improve the condition of our public roads, and

Whereas, the County Commissioners of almost all the counties, the boards of trade and chambers of commerce of our largest towns have appointed delegates to attend a road congress to be held in the city of Raleigh sometime during the month, and have asked the Governor to issue a proclamation requesting said delegates to assemble in Raleigh as above stated,

Now, therefore, I, Thomas M. Holt, Governor of North Carolina, in obedience to the above request, do hereby issue this, my proclamation, asking the delegates appointed as stated above to meet in the city of Raleigh on Thursday, January 19th, 1893, at 10 a. m., to consider ways and means by which the public roads of the State may be improved.

Done at our city of Raleigh, the fourth day of January, 1893, and in the one hundred and seventeenth year of American Independence.

By the Governor,
THOMAS M. HOLT.
S. F. TELOAIR, Private Secretary.

To insure a hearty appetite and indigestion take Simmons Liver Regulator.

Dr William Royall, Professor of English in Wake Forest College, died suddenly in Savannah, Ga., last week, where he had gone to spend the holidays, His age was 68.

Madison county, with a population of 14,000 has had 13 murders within the last six months.

Incorporation Notice.

North Carolina, } In the Superior Court
Dare County. }

NOTICE is hereby given that articles of incorporation of the Albemarle and Pamlico Cruising and Hunting Association having been filed and recorded in the Clerk's office of the Superior Court in the county aforesaid, and the said association having complied with sections 677 and 678, chapter 16, vol 1, of the Code of North Carolina, have been declared, under authority of section 679 of the Code of North Carolina "The Albemarle and Pamlico Cruising and Hunting Association." The articles of agreement being (in substance) as follows:

1. That the undersigned, of full age and citizens of the United States, being desirous of associating themselves into a private corporation pursuant to the laws of the State of North Carolina, do certify as follows:

2. That the name of said incorporators are as follows: Herbert A. Weeks, Edward F. Weeks and James H. Kidd.

3. The said private corporation shall be known by the name of "Albemarle and Pamlico Cruising and Hunting Association" and its principal office is to be located at Manteo, Dare county, and State of North Carolina, and its general purposes are to do cruising in steam and sailing vessels for pleasure and profit.

4. The amount of capital stock shall be eight thousand $(8,000) dollars, and the number of shares into which it is divided is twenty at a par value of four hundred (400) dollars for each share.

5. The said incorporators, viz: Herbert A. Weeks, Edward F. Weeks and James H. Kidd will each own two shares of said stock upon the incorporation of said Association, they having subscribed and paid for the same.

6. The principal officers shall be a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer, who shall also constitute the board of trustees.

7. The officers aforesaid shall be elected annually by ballot at the annual meeting designated by the by-laws, by a majority vote of said share-holders, in person or by proxy, and each share of stock shall be entitled to one single vote.

8. The annual meeting for election of officers and all matters and things relating to or affecting special meetings, vacancies, resignations, and rules and regulations affecting the government and social conduct of said club or association, shall be regulated by the by-laws adopted by a majority vote of said share-holders. The first annual meeting of said association shall be called on the second Wednesday of April 1893, and annually thereafter.

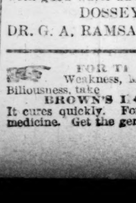
9. The said stockholders of the corporation shall not be individually liable for its debts.

9. The term of existence of said corporation is to be thirty years.

In witness whereof I here unto set my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of Dare County, this the 6th day of January 1893.

JOHN WILKINS,
[Seal] Clerk Superior Court,
Dare County, N. C.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.



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—AT—
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ROCKY MOUNT

is the most accessible point in the State. On the W. & W. R. R. and terminus of the N. & C., of the A. & E. and Spring Hope road, three hours from Norfolk; three hours from Petersburg; three and a half from Richmond; three and a half from Wilmington; four hours from Raleigh; one from Goldsboro; one from Weldon; three from Fayetteville and five hours from Edenton and Elizabeth City over the Norfolk and Carolina road Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

The town is progressive, high, healthy with good water and hospitable people.

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—OF—
Foreign Literature, Science and Art
"The Literature of the World."
1893.

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The following are the names of a few of the leading authors whose articles may be expected to appear in the pages of the ECLECTIC for the coming year:

—AUTHORS:—

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While the aim of the ECLECTIC is to interest all classes of intelligent readers, its special purpose is to stimulate thought on the higher lines, and it commends itself particularly to Teachers, Scholars, Lawyers, Clergymen and all who desire to keep abreast of the intelligent progress of the age.

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THE PEOPLE'S REMEDY PRICE 25C
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VALUABLE PRIZES, FREE.
We are just in receipt of a very attractive Almanac for 1893, which, while it contains some very instructive reading, and all the almanac information for 1893, also contains a very unique and interesting contest, in which the publishers propose to give 102 valuable and useful articles to the successful contestants. The plan of the contest is to find seven superfluous figures scattered through the almanac, and make up a number which is to be the same as the number which the publishers have adopted, and is made up from the seven figures above mentioned. Try it; you will find it very interesting. The publishers will furnish you with the rules and all necessary information. Address The Dr. H. S. Thacher Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn. Mention this paper.

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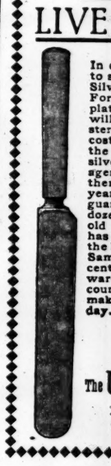

In every town in each state to sell our Solid Columbian Silver Table Knives and Forks; these goods are not plated goods but solid, and will hold their color equal to sterling silver goods and will cost only about one-quarter the prices of solid sterling silver. The goods are sold by agents only and we warrant them to stand the test of years or refund the money, a guarantee will go with each dozen and backed up by an old reliable company which has the reputation of making the best goods on the market. Samples sent on receipt of 25 cents, for which we will forward you our prices and discount to agents. Agents make from 10 to 25 dollars per day.

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THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE is strictly non-partisan, and thoroughly American. It believes in the greatest good to the greatest number of our people, and the highest development of our institutions—in National unity and exalted loyalty.

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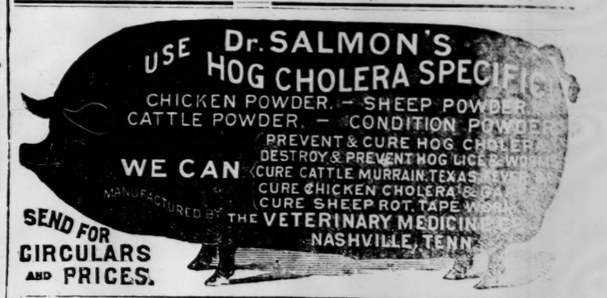
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Handsomer Than Ever. Finest of All.
Solid Walnut, Burled Panels, Elegant Finish.
A MAGNIFICENT ORGAN with a pure singing tone, from the softest whisper of a lute, to the grand harmony of an orchestra. 10 stops, 5 octaves, 4 sets of reeds and double couplers.
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NO CURE NO PAY
ON RECEIPT OF 50 CENTS
WE WILL MAIL A BOX OF
TETTERINE!
THE ONLY INFALLIBLE CURE FOR
Tetter, Ground Itch, Itching Piles, Ring Worm and all Itching Skin Diseases.
If you have TETTER, it matters not how long it has existed, TETTERINE will as certainly cure you as you use it.
Harmless, Painless and Fragrant.
MONEY Refunded if you are dissatisfied with the results—References—Southern Bank of the State of Georgia, Chatham Bank, and National Bank of Savannah.
J. T. SHUPTRINE & BRO.
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will find the Five and Ten Cent packages the cheapest and most salable package tea on the market and consumers pronounce it "the best and most economical." Kin-Go Tea is convenient to handle, easy to sell and has proved a big success wherever introduced.
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The Only Remedy of its Kind.
RELIEVES AT ONCE
all Feverish conditions. When used promptly, in the first stages, will prevent Malarial Fever, Typhoid Fever, Yellow Fever, and quickly relieves all serious conditions in Hay Fever, Measles, Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria.
Guaranteed to Break up Chills and Fever, Ague Colds and LaGrippe at once. No Bad Effects.
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The Proprietor's guarantee with $1.00 bottles.
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BEST SIMPLEST AND CHEAPEST
THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, is absorbed by the article in the roaster, and acts as a basting. There is no evaporation, no drying up or burning, hence no shrinkage or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutritious qualities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and any article roasted or baked will be sweeter, healthier and more digestible. Put the food in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven; the roaster will do the cooking. It requires no attention. Can only be bought from dealers, the trade supplied by:
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120 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE, MD.
64 READE ST., NEW YORK.

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The PROVIDENTIAL PILE PREPARATION is sold under a positive guarantee to cure any case of Piles if our directions are followed. For sale by your druggist, or post paid on receipt of price, $1.00, and our guarantee to refund same if no cure follows our directions. References, any Bank in the United States.
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THE GREATEST REFRIGERATOR IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE.
THE GURNEY PATENT REFRIGERATOR.

No. 3. Front sectional view showing position of removable galvanized ice compartment, mineral wool packing, etc.
THE ONLY CLEANABLE REFRIGERATOR.
The greatest economy of ice. The lowest average temperature.
If your dealer does not sell the "Gurney," send for Catalogue and Prices.
GURNEY REFRIGERATOR CO., Fond du Lac, Wis.

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DAGGETT'S Self-basting ROASTING PAN

Needed in every family
Saves 20 Per Cent.
In Roasting and Bakes the best Bread in the world.
BEST UTENSIL in the universe.
Address nearest office for terms.
W. A. Daggett & Co., Vineland, N. J., Boston, Mass., Atlanta, Ga., Chicago, Ill., Salt Lake City, Utah, Oakland, Cal., Galveston, Tex.

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Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED,

As a general family remedy for dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I hardly ever use anything else, and have never been appointed in the effect produced; it seems to be almost a perfect cure for all diseases of Stomach and Bowels.

W. J. McELROY.

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Collector of Customs—Palemon John Postmaster—C. Guirkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden, Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. J. W. Stiff, Pastor, Baptist—Rev. C. S. Blackwell, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs W. M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and D. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—B. L. Banks, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No. 1209—J. Selby Harney, Regent T. B. Wilson, Vice Regent; E. M. Underwood, Orator; J. P. Overman, Secretary. T. M. Cook Jr, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer; N. R. Parker, Chaplain; W. C. Simons, Warden; W. W. Mann, Sentry; C. Guirkin, Jr., Guide; C. E. Kramer, Representative to Grand Council.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Engle, Dictator; J. H. Burgess, Reporter; J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Buffkins. Sheriff, Chas P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper Treasurer, Jno. S. Morris. Board of Education. W. J. Griffin, R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

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Collections promptly made.
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Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

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East Main Street,
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DEALER IN COAL

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
All Orders filled Promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.
Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

Th' North Carolinian.

Wednesday. January 11, 1893.

☞The CAROLINIAN is "all right.

☞Are your plans for 1893 all made?

☞Having turned over that "new leaf," don't turn it back to look over the pictures.

☞The Fishermen are beginning to make active preparations for their coming campaign.

☞The steamer "Neuse" having been taken to Norfolk for overhauling, the "Albemarle" has taken her place on the route to Newberne.

☞See Incorporation notice of "The Albemarle and Pamplico Cruising and Hunting Association," in this issse of the CAROLINIAN.

☞We acknowledge an invitation to the Newberne Fair which opens on the 20th of February. Extensive preparations are in progress to make it the best yet held.

☞Mr. Walter C. Lowry, who for several years has been residing at Norfolk, being in feeble health, has returned to this county, and is now stopping with his son-in-law Mr. J. W. Small, at Newbegun.

☞The county Board of Education has appropriated $1200 to the white school of this district. The school committee will proceed to finish and furnish the large brick building on North Pool street, and have it ready for use at an early day.

☞We see that Mr. Pritchard, member of the Legislature from this county, has been placed on the Fish Committee, and so has Jones, of Camden, and Parker, of Perquimans. They are also on several other committees. Mr. Parker was the Peoples' Party caucus nominee for Speaker.

☞See here! If you have a relative or valued friend who now lives in some other locality, why not subscribe for and send them the CAROLINIAN? Think of it. They would appreciate it, as it would be like receiving a letter every week. To any of our patrons who wish to do so, we will furnish the paper at a special rate.

☞The continued cold weather verify the predictions of the "cold winter" prophets. Thus far the storms and cold have come as foretold. Very little mild weather, they tell us, may be expected during this month, but that cold waves will predominate and that from the 24th to its close rain, snow and heavy weather may be looked for.

☞"I have called," said a patron of the CAROLINIAN the other day, "to relate a little anecdote, and it is this: An old gentleman once stated that he partly attributed his long life and good health to the fact that he always promptly *paid the printer!* So I propose to do that thing, and here it is," handing over the cash! That we appreciated the application of the "anecdote" goes without saying.

☞At a meeting of the stockholders of the Albemarle Park Fair Association, held last week, the following were elected officers for the ensuing year: Hon. T. G. Skinner, President; E. F. Lamb, 1st and L. C. Relfe, 2d Vice President; George W. Ward, Secretary; Thos P. Wilcox, Treasurer; J. W. Small, Superintendent; and J. F. Davis, E. F. Lamb, C. E. Kramer, F. H. Zeigler, B. F. Bray, M. D. Gregory and L. C. Relfe, Directors. The CAROLINIAN is glad to note this early action, and its co-operation may be counted on.

☞The Rambler reports the following story of one of Elizabeth City's small boys that shows how often the infant mind is wearied by frequent admonitions from its elders. This youngster wasn't an angel, and managed to keep his mother pretty well occupied in correcting his little misdeeds. She would frequently say: "Don't do that. God is watching you, and He don't like naughty boys." As Christmas day drew near the mother added the name of Santa Claus, and assured her offspring that his every movement was observed and that he would get no presents unless he should be good. The child imbibed the advice, and said nothing. One day he started from the house to go to play with some companions in the next yard. The family dog started to follow, and the little fellow turned to it impatiently, exclaiming, "Doolong back, sir! Do back! I's dot Dod and Santa Taus followin' me round now, and I don't want any more.

☞How do you like 1893 kind of weather?

☞"Columbian stamps" are the proper thing now.

☞Oh, the music of "democratic harmony" is jingling merrily!

—FOUND! The greatest Bargain store in town at Robinson & Co.'s

☞"What is vanity?" asks a subscriber. Somebody else's foolish egotism.

.....Try Robinson & Co.'s French Peas, California Peaches, Cherries, Apricotts and Pears.

☞The wear and tear of vehicles and horse flesh and muscle on a bad road are enormous.

—You risk nothing in buying of Robinson & Co. All goods are warranted.

☞The aggregate of improvement comes from the improvement of individuals.

—A nice assortment of fine black dress goods at reduced prices at Fowler & Co.'s If you can't call and examine send for samples.

☞Experience is an admirable teacher, though often very severe and expensive.

☞In reply to anquiry, CAROLINIAN will state that there are now living 100 horses with records of 2:15.

☞We learn that the Keeley Institute, at Rocky Mount, has already a number of patients, and the prospects are encouraging.

—Our store is all Stove Up; that is to say we've got our stoves up for inspection in such quantity that they fill one side of our store. Robinson & Co.

☞This would indeed be a dull world if we knew for certain just what was going to happen 24 hours ahead.

☞Thoroughbred stock of most kinds costs no more than scrubs and is just as cheap. But it takes a thoroughbred farmer to keep any kind of stock from becoming "scrubs."

☞A dry corn cab will hold about enough kereosene oil to build a fire if properly managed. There can be no safer way to use kereosene than when it is saturating a corn cob.

—A lot of boys suits at $1.25 a suit and a few boys overcoats at $1.25 each at Fowler & Co's to close, also a lot of broken sizes in men's suits that will be sold a cut price.

☞"A Reader" asks the CAROLINIAN, "What States in the Union pay the largest amount of money to their members of the Legislature?" New York and Pennsylvania, their legislators receiving $1,500.

☞A cotemporary remarks that when Gabriel sounds his trump and cries "Rise up!" how many men will turn over in their graves and growl: "All right, Maria, dress the baby and I'll make the fire in a minute?"

☞Notwithstanding all the talk about the "depression of agriculture," it is a fact that in no other occupation can a working man with small capital support his family so well stand so good a chance to save a little money, and live under such easy, free and wholesome conditions.

☞The Greenville "Reflector" refers to a present of ripe tomatoes kept by a patron in his store since the early fall frosts. The editor of the CAROLINIAN transferred a quantity from his garden to his cellar, where they kept on ripening, supplying him with the delicious vegetable up to Christmas.

First-Class Brick: The "Thompson Brick Works" manufacture the best brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and are "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G. Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N C

☞"Populist" is correct. For the first time since the Democrats, through the Robeson county steal, got control of the State in 1875, the vote at the late election shows them to be in a minority with the people. And yet, under the unfair gerrymander and operation of the outrageous State election laws, the political complexion of the Legislature practically represents alone the Democratic party. In the House there are 91 Democrats and only 21 Republicans and 9 Peoples' Party; in the Senate 47 Democrats, 2 Peoples' Party and only 1 Republican. What of real good to the people can be expected?

Announcement:—We are in our new Mammouth Store. Largest, and prettiest, and best assorted stock in our many departments to be found in this section. Holiday Goods, X mas Presents, Beauties and Wonders. Lowest prices guaranteed. We thank you for your former kind patronage and wish to make you happy. By all means do not fail to see our Grand Santa Claus display in our magnificent show windows. Carpets, Shades, etc., in profusion. Furniture on First, Second and Third floors. MELICK, Water St., Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞We can furnish a copy "Scribner's Magazine", for 1893, for $2.

☞Cotton at Norfolk: good middling, 9.5-16c.; middling, 9¼c

☞The CAROLINIAN is now read by more people in this section than any other paper.

PHOTOGRAPHS. Mr. Viggo Lund, in charge of ENGLE'S PICTURE GALLERY, on Water street, is prepared to take all kinds of Pictures in the latest and best styles. Call and examine specimens and get prices

LOCAL MENTION

Look on the bright side.—Another week of severe winter weather. There has been a good deal of suffering poor.—Mr. R. W. Berry, book-keeper for Mr. J. B. Brockett, was married on the 1st inst. to Miss Lelie Berry, of Salem, this county.—"Cool and collected," the ice bill.—Better rise an hour earlier mornings than run all day to catch up.—The new iron bridge for Poindexter creek has arrived.—The way to spoil 1893 is to let the CAROLINIAN stop coming.—Capt. J. Q. Sawyer has purchased the Elkanah Payne and will fit her up for the coasting trade.—The Board of Commissioners have given the county scholarship to the State University to D. H. Reid. He is a very worthy young man.—The Versifier thus speaks of a new standard of value.

The poet now can roar and sing,
With all the music of his soul,
Of any dear and precious thing,
"It's worth its weight in coal."

—The Pasquotank Rifles are now domiciled in their new Armory, in the Robinson building, and have fitted it up handsomely. It addition to the drill hall they have a neat reception room, which is supplied with books, papers, magazines, etc., where the members may profitably spend their evenings.—Exercise is the only stimulent that does not leave a desire for more.—First in the field, Adam.—Mr. Jesse C. Love, now in business at Washington City, was here on a visit last week; so, too, was Rev. J. T. Love, of Baltimore.—It was at one of the schools. "Can you tell me what a secret is?" asked the teacher." "Yes, mum," replied a little girl; "it is something somebody tells everybody in a whisper."—Successful prophets generally inquire around among the neighbors before predicting.—The cold and ice have interfered with the oyster supply.—At a meeting of the Directors of the Electric Light Company it was decided to inaugurate decided improvements for the coming year.—Talking about a well-known poverty, a local poet says:

"As poor as Job's turkey!" How poor is that?
We think we can tell you in less than a minute,
The chroniclers say, and truthfully, too.
That Job's turkey's tail had but one feather in it.

—The Capt. Brown store at the foot of Main street is now occupied by Mr. Thomas Davis as a bar and restaurant.—Mr. Will Madrine and Miss Lillie Mercer were married at the Baptist parsonage on Thursday night.—When a woman gives her husband a good talking to, he realizes what is meant by presents of mind!—Mr. C. W. Overman now occupies his large store, building on the corner of Poindexter and Mathews streets. It is a very handsome edifice.—The CAROLINIAN acknowledges a very pleasant visit on Thursday from Messrs. Theo. White and Peter Swain of Perquimans.—The Observer hands in the following:

A paradox this would appear at first sight,
Astbe reader will doubtless confess,
He takes home a brick in his hat every night,
But not a brick does he possess.

—The local circulation of the CAROLINIAN continues on the increase.—The cogitator concludes that standing on one's dignity is as uncertain a way to get along in this world as walking on stilts.—A liar will break all the other commandments if he gets a chance.—We had the pleasure of a call and hearty "hand shake" from Rev. O. C. Horton, for several years in charge of the Baptist church at Selma, this State. He remembered his subscription to the CAROLINIAN, saying "I would not like to be without it, for it gives me the news from my old home." He is here with his family on a short visit.—There is nothing like observing strict propriety even in the construction of the names of flowers:

If strict ideas ever come,
That "cultured" lady had 'em,
She never said "chrysanthemum,"
But said "chrysanthemum."

—It is marvelous how a few glasses of fizz will affect the feeble brain of the dude and set his tongue to wagging.—A dark horse, a nightmare.—How many times have you written 1892 and erased it since the 1st of January?—Rev. Mr. Jerome, of the North Carolina conference, stationed at Fairfield, occupied the Methodist pulpit Sunday morning and night.—The river has been covered with ice most of the time during past week.—E. F. Lamb, Esq., left on Monday to attend the Masonic Grand Lodge at Raleigh.—Mayor W. C. Glover has purchased the Geo. D. Pool property on upper Church street.—There is a good deal of suffering among the poor for want of provisions and fuel. Efforts are being made for their relief.—The butchers have advanced the price of meat two cents a pound.—Ex Sheriff F. F. Colson left yesterday on a trip to Needmore and Raleigh.—E. F. Aydlett, Esq., has moved into his new home on Main street.—Mrs. W. O. Temple, with her children, left yesterday to join her husband in South Dakota.—The steamer "Harbinger" is now [illegible] Way for repairs.—The thermometer stood at 8 degrees above zero at 7:30 o'clock this morning and notwithstanding a heavy wind it was night before the river was sheeted with ice.—New was received here last night announcing the discharging of Chas. Broughton, master of the Capitola last Friday night in Albemarle sound, during a storm. He was pulled overboard by the sheet of the [illegible] to render him assistance, but words were [illegible]

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

[illegible] CANAL COMPANY,

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New Albemarle House,
C. W. Grice & Co., Proprietors
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table. Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.
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HOTEL [illegible]
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED [illegible]
J. L. [illegible], Proprietor

EAGLE HOTEL,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Joseph S. Lee, Proprietor.
Free Bus to and from all trains stopping at the door. Special attention given to the comfort of Guests. Tables supplied with the choicest and best the market affords. Rooms clean and well ventilated.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
This well-established HOTEL offers first class accommodations to the traveling public.
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Rooms for Travelling Salesmen and Private Rooms for Ladies when Desired. Free Buses to all Trains and Steamers.
Terms Reasonable.
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

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A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents" with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,
C. A. Snow & Co.
OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,
Washington, D. C.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next General Assembly of North Carolina to amend the charter of the town of Elizabeth City.
MANY CITIZENS.

REPAIRING
OF
Watches
AND
JEWELRY,
[illegible] ENGRAVING
[illegible] PRINTING

NEW FURNITURE STORE
We have opened a large first-class Furniture Store in the room recently occupied by J. Y. Old & Son on Water street. We have a large and well selected stock of all kinds of
FURNITURE
AND
FURNISHING GOODS
which will be sold at "bottom prices."
Coffins will also be sold on the most reasonable terms.
[illegible] & WILSON & CO.

DRUM MAJOR
OF THE Grocery Business
RIGHT AT THE HEAD OF THE PROCESSION!
EXTREME LOW PRICES! FAIR SQUARE DEALING!
16 oz. Pounds.
[illegible] AND WE ADVERTISE!
KEEPING GOOD THINGS TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY!
Putting [illegible] cash and [illegible] per cent.
Our motto [illegible] can't help [illegible] BE A SNAP.
Groceries, Hardware, stoves, Tinware
Paints, Hi Rope Twine, Lamps, &c.
Hats, Shoes, &c.
ROBINSON & CO
Water Street. Elizabeth City

WE POINT

TO PEACE!
To our [illegible] LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, HATS, SHOES, &c., it has ever been our pleasure to offer. We have done business in both [illegible] and have always given the people what they wanted
LOWER PRICES AND HIGHER QUALITY!
We [illegible] satisfaction to each and every [illegible] Water street.
SALOMONSKY

J. B. [illegible] & CO.
[illegible] months. Notwithstanding [illegible] are began, and our [illegible] Though
To Examine Our Stock o[illegible]
Zinc, Varnishes, Linseed Oil, Colors, Cutlery, Pumps, Lamps, Whips, Shot Guns, Powder, Shot, Caps, Etc.
Lowest Prices Guaranteed.

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.
[illegible] City are now open for your examination
FOSTER & CO.'S
[illegible] TO PLEASE BOTH AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE
[illegible] have something to say that is of interest to practical people, [illegible] want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity. [illegible] people of this class are the people whose trade [illegible] desire to get.
THE BEST PEOPLE
are the best people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by [illegible] irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them. Once one they [illegible] customers, not to be bulldozed by blaster.
All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a [illegible]
MOSES WEISEL.
[illegible] ST. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniture, Wares and Stationery.
We have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall Paper, Carpets, Oilcloths, Glass, &c., &c.
Also Bibles, School Books, Postal and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES
Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low
If you Want to Save Money Call and See Me
P. M. MELICK.
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

[illegible] POINTS
[illegible] ZZONI'S
[illegible] COMPLEXION

GO TO "THE FAIR" WATER STREET,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
ADMISSION FREE. - - - - - - - - OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

Blue-Eyed Light-Haired Indians.

"Do you know that there are in Mexico several thousand 'Indians' who have fair skins, blue eyes and light hair?" asked Peyton Brown. "Well, it's a fact. The Mayas, inhabiting the Sierra Madre Mountains in the lower part of Sonora, are supposed to be the descendants of the crew and passengers of a Swedish vessel wrecked on the Mexican coast long centuries before the birth of Columbus. They have a tradition that their ancestors 'came in a great canoe over the big salt water many hundreds of moons ago.' They have never been conquered by the Mexicans. They are nominally under Mexican rule, but are in reality governed by their own chiefs Whenever the Mexican Government interferes with them they take up arms, and they have got the best of every scrimmage thus far. The Yaquis are their neighbors, and these two warlike tribes have reciprocity reduced to a science. Whenever the Government interferes with the Yaquis the Mayas come to their assistance, and vice versa. Mexican troops cannot stand before the Mayas, or white Indians. They are the most desperate fighters on the North American Continent. Like their neighbors, the Yaquis, they are mostly Catholics. Although quite primitive, almost savage, in their mode of life, the standard of morality is high. They live principally by the chase, but cultivate some corn and garden truck in the valleys. The men are large, well formed, and some of the women remarkably handsome blondes. They all retain traces of their Swedish ancestry, and the linguists say that their language evidences a North European ancestry."—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

A Fortune for a Snowdrift.

"The most artistic swindle known to the history of the Colorado mining industry occurred three years ago this winter at Georgetown," said Richard Beauchamp. "Georgetown is up in the mountains and in the center of a very rich mining country. In the winter snow drifts hundreds of feet deep among the mountains and packs down very hard. Two old miners ran a tunnel into the snow at the base of a mountain a distance of 300 feet, timbered it up nicely, plastered it with mud, and at the far end piled a quantity of very rich quartz. Then they went down to Denver and became acquainted with a couple of wealthy Englishmen, who had just come over to look for an investment for their spare cash that would pay a big divvy. They took them to Georgetown and showed them their tunnel and the El Dorado at the end of it. The tunnel, had it been really into the rocky mountain, would have represented thousands of dollars. The Englishmen were charmed with it and the prospect. They bought up the claim for $80,000 spot cash, and went East to contract for quartz mill machinery. When they returned in the spring there was nothing left of the tunnel but the woodwork and a wagon load of quartz at the end. It was the most ridiculous sell ever known, and the most successful."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Two Wonderful Grapevines.

There is a wonderful grapevine at Gaillac, a town of Southern France. Although the plant is only ten years from the cutting, it has yielded as many as 1287 bunches of fine fruit in a single year. There is but one other vine in cultivation that is known to excel this prolific shrub, and that is the historical vine at Hampton Court, England, which was planted in 1768. In one year this noted vine has borne 2500 bunches. The fruit from this vine is kept for the exclusive use of Queen Victoria and her household, the surplus being made into wine for the same purpose.—St. Louis Republic.

Coins are classed, according to their state of preservation as "proof," "uncirculated," "fine," "good," "fair" and "poor."

A Mother's Story

"When my boy was 2½ years of age, a fal brought on lip disease, which gradually grew worse until, when he was 6, **he could not walk**, and we had him treated 9 months at the Children's Hospital in Boston. But when he came home he was worse, and the doctors said **nothing could be done.** I began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla and he improved at once. The 14 abscesses on his hip healed up, his appetite improved and he could walk, at first with crutches, then without. He is now **perfectly well,** lively as any boy." MRS. EMMA V. DUFF, Wallpole, Mass.

Willie Duff.

HOOD'S CURES

HOOD'S PILLS do not purge, pain or gripe but act promptly, easily and effectually. 25 cents.

DR. KILMER'S

SWAMP-ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Diabetes,

Excessive quantity and high colored urine,

La Grippe,

Cures the bad after effects of this trying epidemic and restores lost vigor and vitality.

Impure Blood,

Eczema, scrofula, malaria, pimples, blotches.

General Weakness,

Constitution all run down, loss of ambition, and a disinclination to all sorts of work.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

CHILD BIRTH MADE EASY!

"MOTHERS' FRIEND" is a scientifically prepared Liniment, every ingredient of recognized value and in constant use by the medical profession. These ingredients are combined in a manner hitherto unknown

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

WILL DO all that is claimed for it AND MORE. It Shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to Life of Mother and Child. Book to "MOTHERS" mailed FREE, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

Sent by express on receipt of price $1.50 per bottle

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

ADONIRAM FAIRCHILD, one of the oldest and most skilful divers in the country, was killed while at work under the North River, New York City, by the explosion of a forcite cartridge. He went down to fill eight holes in the reef of rock that obstructs the north slip at the foot of Fulton street. He met his death while tamping down the first cartridge.

DR. CHARLES A. BRIGGS, after having been on trial before the Presbytery of New York for nineteen days on the charge of heresy, has been acquitted on each of the six charges brought against him.

THE overdue Cunarder Umbria was sighted off Fire Island, Port of New York, after being six days overdue. Hundreds of friends of passengers on board the vessel were relieved by the landing of all the people. There were nearly 400 persons on board. She was delayed at sea by the breaking of a shaft. She refused all offers of assistance but made the necessary repairs and then proceeded slowly under sail and steam.

MAYOR GILROY, the new Surrogate, County Clerk, Register and the Board of Aldermen took office in New York City.

ARCHIBALD BARTLETT was killed and Miss Maggie Kelly fatally injured at a railroad crossing in Bedford, Mass. The young couple were on their way to be married when struck by the locomotive.

THE house of William Paillips, of Strong Brook, N. Y., caught fire and two of his children were burned to death in the building and a third died shortly afterwards from his burns.

PROFESSOR EBEN NORTON HORSFORD, the noted chemist of Harvard, died, suddenly, at his home in Cambridge, Mass., of heart disease. A widow and five children survive him. He was born seventy-four years ago in Moscow, Livingston County, N. Y.

THE New York Legislature met at Albany and the Assembly organized by the election of William Sulzer, of New York, as Speaker; in the Senate a lively debate took place over the bill to postpone the Constitutional Convention election. Governor Flower's message was received.

South and West.

A. J. HUDSPETH was hanged at Harrison, Ark., for the murder of George Watkins in 1887.

THE boiler of the saw mill of Duke & Blurus exploded, killing three colored men, James Wilbanks, Guffin Paillips and Joe Smith.

AFTER being forced under theats of death to surrender between $400 and $500 to two masked men who entered his office in the Courthouse, County Treasurer John O. Johnson of Viroqua, Wis., was gagged and bound and locked in his vault. He was found there almost dead.

THE bodies of Adam Siler, aged eighty, and his wife, aged seventy-two, were discovered lying on the floor of their house in Chatham County, North Carolina, by their ten-year-old grandson. Siler had been shot three times and Mrs. Siler twice.

A SNOWPLOW was wrecked on the line of the Great Northern in Washington State. Four lives were lost. The plow was standing on the track and was struck by an avalanche which came down the mountain.

THE Legislature of Montana, California, Minnesota, Ohio and North Dakota met and organized.

Washington.

ABOUT 1400 postoffices have been designated as additional domestic money order offices.

THE President has proclaimed a definite arrangement of commercial reciprocity with Salvador. The arrangement is to take effect immediately.

LEADING bankers in all parts of the country are sending protests to Washington against the purchase of silver under the Sherman law.

THE Treasury Department's latest estimate of the aggregate amount of United States currency, fractional and otherwise, destroyed, and not likely to be presented for redemption, places the amount at about $20,000,000.

COMMODORE WILLIAM M. FOLGER has retired from the Navy Department as Chief of the Bureau of Ordinance. He is succeeded by Captain Smith.

THE President has appointed Dr. Tarleton H. Bean, assistant in charge of the division of fish culture, United States Fish Commission, as the representative of the Commission on the Government Board of Management and Control of the World's Columbian Exposition, Vice Captain J. M. Collins, resigned.

ORDERS were issued at the Treasury Department directing the shipment from Philadelphia to Chicago of 85,000 souvenir coins, all minted up to date. These 85,000 coins were the last having 1892 on them, all others having the year 1893 on them.

A DELEGATION of three Seneca Indians from the Indian Territory, in charge of J. J. Spencer, an interpreter, called on Secretary Noble. Their visit to Washington was to protest in the name of their tribe against the passage of a bill annexing the Seneca reservation to the Territory of Oklahoma.

Foreign.

CHOLERA continues to spread in the north of France. In the town of Gravelines, near Calais, six deaths and one new case were reported.

AT a meeting of delegates to the Indian National Congress at Allahabad indication was given of the growing desire for a National Indian Legislature.

HIDDEN in a barn in the rear of the express office in Sarnia, Canada, $7000 were found, concealed by a thief who had robbed the office the week before.

M. EIFFEL has secured the contract to build a gigantic bridge across the Neva, in Russia. His bid was $15,000,000.

SENOR MURUAGA has been nominated as Spanish Minister to Washington. Senor Muruaga was Minister to Washington three years ago and was very popular.

THE military were called out to suppress uprisings among the unemployed in the Netherlands; three rioters were killed and many wounded. Anarchist riots were reported in Spain and in various parts of Germany.

THE Government of Mexico has secured evidence implicating 200 prominent Mexicans in the present revolutionary movement.

THE Cunard Company issued from London an official statement that the Gallia proceeded on her voyage because her coal was low and the Umbria was not thought to be in serious danger.

BRIGANDS are committing many outrages in Russian Poland.

THE commission of the Duke of Almodovar del Valle as Spanish Minister at Washington was signed by Queen Regent Christina.

FOR GOOD ROADS.

Summary of Work Done so Far by the National League.

The National League for Good Roads, although less than three months old, is bestirring itself in the new movement with much energy. A summary of it is as follows: Local leagues have been formed in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, District of Columbia, and Arizona; and a State league in Vermont and a county league at Rochester, New York. Arrangements have been made for holding State conventions in January in Maryland, Iowa, Missouri, Illinois, Virginia and Minnesota. The Governors of twenty-five States have been persuaded to act as State Vice-Presidents or have appointed substitutes. Five thousand railroad agents have been supplied with documents and instructed by their employers to aid in forming local leagues. Country banks and manufacturers of road and farm implements have also been enlisted in the work. The Chamber of Commerce of New York and other commercial bodies have taken a marked interest in it. Colleges and county clubs are forming local leagues. Preparations are being made to supply country postmasters and school-teachers with blanks and documents when the National League is able to pay for the necessary printing and postage.

TWO GOLD-SEEKERS KILLED

A Corporation Trying to Monopolize the Whole Country.

The report of a fatal shooting affray in the new San Juan (Col.) gold fields was confirmed. Two were killed and a number wounded.

The Gable Mining Company is trying to monopolize the whole country and is accused of having taken up claims in fictitious names. There is likely to be serious trouble between the company and the incoming prospectors. The company is hiring all the men it can get at $15 a day. Board is $5 a day; flour costs $25 per 100 pounds, and everything else is in proportion.

The rush to the district continues, and according to late information there are 2700 men there now.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

GLADSTONE is becoming quite deaf.

SPEAKER CRISP is in favor of an extra session of Congress.

MONTAGU WILLIAMS, the eminent London barrister, died a few days ago.

ZOLA, the French novelist, has made $400,000 by his pen in twenty years.

JACOB HENRICI, the leader of the famous Economite Society of Pennsylvania, is dead.

CONGRESSMAN JERRY SIMPSON says he is a candidate for the United States Senate from Kansas.

THOMAS SETTLE, of North Carolina, only twenty-eight years of age, is the youngest member-elect of the new Congress.

EX-MINISTER TO ENGLAND PHELPS, on account of his connection with the Bering Sea arbitration, will temporarily give up his professorial duties at Yale.

MRS. GLADSTONE, wife of the British Premier, is a voter in Canada, and owns property at Niagara Falls, Canada. She owns three acres of land worth about $5,000 an acre.

J. D. ROCKEFELLER, the Standard Oil millionaire, has just presented $1,000,000 in bonds to the University of Chicago, making $8,000,000 in all which he has given to that institution.

A clever man was Bismarck's late private secretary, Lothar Bucher, whose demise the ex-Chancelor much deplores. In a few hours Bucher drew up the Imperial German Constitution.

EMIL THOMAS, a German actor now playing at Amberg's Theatre in New York City, has no less than 2500 roles in his repertoire, which he has learned during a stage career of thirty-seven years.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW is a believer in scrap books. He has eight or ten of them which contain clippings from newspapers and periodicals relating to himself. All his printed speeches are preserved in this way.

SENATOR CARLISLE, of Kentucky, personally keeps a list of all applicants for office from his State in a book. Every time he receives a letter from a new applicant he writes his name and address in the book under the heading of the office to which he aspires.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY, the Hoosier poet, owns up to being thirty-eight years old. He says he was a painter by trade, and worked at sign writing a long time. He served an apprenticeship also as a house painter, but was never strong enough to follow the occupation steadily.

JOHN A. MORRIS, the Louisiana millionaire, has one of the finest country estates in America in Tangipahoa Parish, Louisiana. It embraces 6 0 acres of good land, in which are preserved hundreds of deer and bear, and numberless conveys of game birds, while the four lakes on the place are black with mallard duck.

GEORGE GOULD at twenty-eight is the youngest American who has inherited an estate that gives employment to 100,000 men. The three successive Astors have each been over forty before they inherited their fathers' fortunes. William H. Vanderbilt was nearly fifty and his sons were forty-two and thirty-six when he died.

LOUIS PASTEUR was on his seventieth birthday presented with the gold medal of the Academy of Sciences in the amphitheatre of the Sorbonne, Paris. President Carnot, of France, walked arm-in-arm with the distinguished scientist, to his seat, followed by the ministers, diplomats, scientists and litterateurs. As the medal was handed to him M. Pasteur embraced the President and the audience cheered wildly.

COLUMBIAN STAMPS

Placed on Sale at the General Postoffices.

The Columbian souvenir postage stamps have been placed on sale at the various postoffices. They range in value from one cent to $5, and each denomination is printed in a different color. The stamps are much larger than the ones in current use, and each variety bears an engraving illustrating some event in the life of Columbus.

It is expected that there will be a heavy rush of purchasers, not only from professional stamp dealers and collectors, but from people who will wish to preserve them as mementos of the quadrennial of the discovery of America. The little Queen of Holland will purchase a set of the stamps for her collection.

The idea of issuing Columbian postage stamps was first suggested by Assistant Postmaster Gayler, of New York City. He selected many of the designs, and his suggestions were adopted by the Postmaster-General.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

	BEANS AND PEAS.		
Beans—Marrow, 1892, choice	$2 32½	@	$2 35
Medium, 1892, choice	1 92½	@	1 95
Pea, 1892, choice	—	@	1 90
Red kidney, 1892, choice	2 50	@	2 65
Red kidney, poor to fair	—	@	—
Lima, Cal., per bush	2 05	@	2 10
Green peas, 1892, per bbl	1 75	@	—
	BUTTER.		
Creamery—St. & Penn, extra	28	@	30
St. & Penn., firsts	28	@	27
Western, firsts	28	@	30
Western, seconds	25	@	27
Western, thirds	20	@	23
State dairy—half tubs, and pails, extras	26	@	27
Half tubs and pails, 1sts	23	@	25
Half tubs and pails, 2ds	20	@	22
Welsh tubs, extras	25	@	25
Welsh tubs, 1sts	23	@	24½
Welsh tubs, 2ds	21	@	22
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts	24	@	26
W. Im. creamery, 2ds	19	@	21
W. Im. creamery, 3ds	—	@	—
Western Factory, fresh, firsts	19	@	21
W. Factory, seconds	16	@	16½
W. Factory and dairy, 3ds	15	@	15½
	CHEESE.		
State factory—Full cream, white, fancy	11¼	@	—
Full cream, colored, fancy	11¼	@	—
Full cream, good to prime	10¾	@	11
Part skims, choice	7	@	8¼
Part skims, good to prime	5	@	6½
Part skims, common	3	@	4
Full skims	1	@	2½
	EGGS.		
State and Penn—Fresh	30	@	31
Western—Fresh, fancy	29	@	30
Limed—State	23½	@	24
	FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.		
Apples—King, per bbl	3 00	@	4 00
Baldwin, per bbl	1 50	@	3 00
Greening, per bbl	2 50	@	4 00
Grapes, up river, Del., 5 lb	—	@	—
W. N. Y., Catawba, 5 lb	9	@	12
W. N. Y., Concord, 5 lb	9	@	11
Cranberries, Cape Cod, bbl	8 00	@	10 00
	HOPS.		
State—1892, fair to choice	18	@	23
1891, prime	16	@	21
1891, common to good	16	@	21
Old odds	5	@	9
	LIVE POULTRY.		
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn.	11½	@	12
Western, per lb	11½	@	12
Spring Chickens, local, lb	40	@	—
Western per lb	8½	@	9
Roosters, old, per lb	6½	@	7
Turkeys, per lb	9	@	10½
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., per pair	70	@	1 00
Western, per pair	70	@	90
Geese, Western, per pair	1 37	@	1 75
Pigeons, per pair	25	@	30
	DRESSED POULTRY—DRY PACKED.		
Turkeys—Jersey, per lb	15	@	16
Chickens—Phila., per lb	14	@	17
Western, per lb	10	@	15
Fowls—St. and West., per lb	9	@	11
Ducks—Fair to fancy, per lb	12	@	16
Eastern, per lb	—	@	—
Spring, L. I., per lb	—	@	—
Geese—Western, per lb	8	@	12
Squabs—Dark, per doz	2 00	@	2 25
White, per doz	3 00	@	3 50
	VEGETABLES.		
Potatoes—State, per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Jersey, prime, per bbl	2 12	@	2 37
Jersey, inferior, per bbl	1 50	@	1 75
L. I., in bulk, per bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Cabbage, L. I., per 100	5 00	@	8 00
Onions—Eastern, yellow, bbl	2 25	@	2 75
Eastern, red, per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
State, per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Squash—Marrow, per barrel	2 00	@	2 25
Sweet potatoes, Va., per bbl	—	@	—
South Jersey, per bbl	3 00	@	5 00
Celery, near by, doz. bunches	1 00	@	1 25
	GRAIN, ETC.		
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 15	@	4 25
Patents	4 25	@	4 50
Wheat—No. 2 Red	79½	@	81
Rye—State	—	@	—
Barley—Two-rowed State	64	@	66
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	49	@	49½
Oats—No. 2 White	42½	@	42¾
Mixed Western	36½	@	38
Hay—Good to Choice	65	@	85
Straw—Long Rye	55	@	60
Lard—City Steam	10.25c	@	10.50c
	LIVE STOCK.		
Beeves, City dressed	6	@	9
Milch Cows, com. to good	35 00	@	50 00
Calves, City dressed	8	@	12
Sheep, per 100 lbs	4 00	@	5 25
Lambs, per lb	5¾	@	6¾
Hogs—Live, per 100 lbs	6 75	@	7 15
Dressed	7¾	@	10

LATER NEWS.

GOVERNOR LUZON B. MORRIS, of New Haven, the fifty-fifth Governor of Connecticut, was inaugurated with appropriate ceremonies.

JOSEPH AND HENRY AUSTIN, eleven and thirteen years old, while skating on Lake Quapassaug, Waterbury, Conn., went through the ice into fifty feet of water and were both drowned.

HENRY CABOT LODGE has been nominated for United States Senator by a caucus majority of the Massachusetts Legislature.

THE official canvass of the vote of Oregon at the recent election shows the following results: Harrison, 35,002; Cleveland, 14,243, Weaver, 26,875; Bidwell, 2281, Pierce (Democratic-Populist Elector), 35,813.

A SERIES of explosions of natural gas in Chicago, Ill., injured several employes and many firemen. Four blasts partially wreck the printing house of Donohue & Henneberry.

THE President made the following nominations: Gilbert A. Pierce, of Minnesota, Minister Resident and Consul-General of the United States to Portugal; George W. Bartch, Associate Justice Supreme Court of Utah.

SECRETARY ELKINS has appointed a Board of Officers to suggest remedies for the bad sanitary conditions of army posts.

FIFTEEN men were killed by an explosion in a Russian mine.

A RIOT occurred among the striking miners in the Saar District of Germany.

EIGHT people lost their lives in a railway collision in Hungary.

THE Hon. William Collins Whitney, of New York City, sat at rest all gossip associating his name with Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet. He repeated for publication what he has told his friends since election day. This is: "I am not to be a member of the Cabinet."

THE Republican legislative caucus at Augusta, Me., unanimously nominated Eugene Hale for United States Senator.

AT a caucus at Jefferson City of Democratic members of the Missouri Legislature, United States Senator F. M. Cockrell was unanimously nominated to succeed himself.

REPORTS from Bakersville, N. C., and neighboring points, on the day afterward, indicated that the alleged bloody riot there was a hoax.

SECRETARY ELKINS forwarded to Congress an estimate from Major-General Schofield of $1,325,000, required for the use of the War Department for "buildings for garrisons of Atlantic and Gulf posts."

THE President nominated Captain William T. Sampson, United States Navy, to be Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, vice Commodore Folger, resigned.

THE Pope has declined to receive Senor Valeria, the Spanish envoy recently appointed, on the ground that he has written immoral novels.

LOUISIANA'S NEW SENATOR

Donaldson Caffery Appointed to Succeed the Late Mr. Gibson.

Donaldson Caffery, of St. Mary's Parish, was appointed by Governor Foster to be Senator of the United States from Louisiana to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Gibson.

Mr. Caffrey was born in the Parish of St. Mary, La., on September 10, 1835. He was educated at St. Mary's College, Maryland, and graduated with honors. He began life as a pioneer farmer in Drayson County, Texas, but returned to his native State in 1858. He was admitted to the bar in the following year.

The death of his step-daughter, which occurred about this time, necessitated giving his entire time to his large property and his family. When the war came he enlisted in the St. Mary Cannoneers, a home company, from which he resigned after a few months' service to enter a company in active service at the front. At Shiloh he fought under General Gibson.

In 1863 he was made a lieutenant in the Second Louisiana Infantry, but did not serve with the regiment, being transferred to the trans-Missouri department, where he served as aide-de-camp on the staff of General Joe Walker.

At the close of the war Mr. Caffrey began the practice of his profession in his native parish, and soon rose to prominence as a member of the bar. He was elected to the Constitutional Convention in 1879, and served in that body with conspicuous distinction. At present he is President of the Bar Association of Louisiana.

In the last campaign he became a candidate for State Senator, to which office he was elected by an overwhelming majority. He rendered valuable service as Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Caffrey was a prominent leader of the anti-lottery cause. He is identified with the sugar industry of the State, being a large sugar planter. To him is largely due the erection of the Caffrey Central Sugar Factory, the largest in the State.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

13TH DAY.—Mr. Sherman spoke in favor of soon disposing of the Anti-Option bill ——Mr. Chandler offers a bill designating four new classes of immigrants to be excluded——A commission so settle the Pacific Railroad indebtedness was appointed.

14TH DAY.—The Senate bill permitting M. P. Deady, United States Judge for the District of Oregon, to resign on or after March 4 next and thereupon to be entitled to draw his salary as Judge during his life, was passed——Senate bill to pay to the assignees of the late John Roach, shipbuilder, $28,160 balance due on the Dolphin, was discussed for over an hour by Messrs. Mitchell, Chandler and Peffer, in its favor, and Messrs. Vest and McPherson, and finally was laid aside without action——The Anti-Option bill was then taken up and Mr. Vilas addressed the Senate in opposition to it.

In the House.

15TH DAY.—At 12 o'clock the Speaker called the House to order and the Chaplain offered prayer——Mr. Martin called up the private pension bills on the calendar. One bill was passed, and then the House adjourned without a quorum, being able to muster only 148 votes.

16TH DAY.—The House considered private pension bills coming over from last session as unfinished business. There was a bare quorum in attendance——By unanimous consent the House then proceeded in Committee of the Whole to the consideration of the Fortifications Appropriation bill. There was no general debate. The bill was passed without amendment. It appropriates $1,793,055——The District Appropriation bill was reported.

A REMARKABLE YEAR.

A Comparatively Small Number of Failures in 1892.

Bradstreet's contains the following interesting resume of the statistics of commercial disasters collected by it during the year 1892: "The number of business failures in the United States during the calendar year, with the exception of South Dakota, where a State law renders it unlawful to report such information except under prohibitory conditions, is 10,270, a smaller total than has been reported since 1884, with the single exception of 1837, when the aggregate was 9740.

"This is not the only astonishing part of the exhibit, for the grand total of liabilities of failing traders in the United States in 1892 appears to be only $108,500,000, a total also smaller than in any year since 1880, without any exception. A similar comparison may be made as to assets, the total of which is $54,700,000.

"The total 'business population' of the United States in 1883 was 855,000 commercial and industrial concerns, individuals, firms and corporations of sufficient standing and permanence to be of record, and the number of failures in that year amounted to 10,299, the first time the aggregate had passed the 10,000 mark. Yet in 1892, nine years later, with a 'business population' of 1,035,000, a gain of twenty-one per cent, the number of business failures is only 10,270, or about the same as nine years ago, and the debts of failing trades are forty per cent. smaller now than then. This is the most strikir feature of the year's exhibit with respect to commercial deaths."

GOVERNORS' DAY.

Chief Executives Inaugurated in a Number of States.

Russell, of Massachusetts, Sworn in for His Third Term.

Governor William E. Russell, in opening his inaugural address, referred to the fact that this is the third time he has entered upon his duties as Governor of Massachusetts.

After referring to reforms accomplished in his previous administrations he urged upon the Legislature such amendments to the ballot law as would give recognition to minority parties and forbid a recount of ballots. The first count should be fair and final. He urged the abolition of an elected council and the concentration of more power in the Governor and less among the State commissions.

The Governor favored the mobilization of the National Guard of the country at the Columbian Exposition. He suggested the abolition of the State fast day, owing to its lack of reverent observance, and the substitution of a legal holiday in the spring.

On the subject of trade relations the Governor drew attention to the importance to Massachusetts of reciprocity with Canada. The Governor reflected upon the State Prison system, the control of which he said is weak, irresponsible and ineffective.

"The right of self-government by towns and cities, inherited from the Pilgrim Fathers," he said, "should not be interfered with by legislative enactment or the State assumption of municipal functions." As to the effects of such legislation in Boston, he said:

"Against the wish of a great majority of her citizens and the protest of her representatives in the Legislature, other members representing constituencies under no pecuniary responsibility for its support and no more moral responsibility for its efficiency, placed the police forces of Boston in the hands of State Commissioners and authorized them by requisition to compel that city to raise by taxation whatever sum in their sovereign judgment was necessary."

Governor Cleaves, of Maine.

Governor Cleaves, of Maine, in his inaugural, noted with satisfaction the great development of the industries of the State by the investment during the past two years of many millions of new capital. Private capital has ceased to flow westward and has found its development at home.

He complimented the generosity, which so handsomely supplemented the State's appropriation for the World's Fair.

On the prohibitory laws, he says:

"The restraining influence of our laws upon the sale of intoxicating liquors has had a marked and beneficial effect. The people of Maine have repeatedly reaffirmed their adherence to all reasonable provisions for the suppression of intemperance; and the educational, moral and religious influence constantly being exerted to maintain a healthful public sentiment have had a controlling force in repressing the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors within our State."

The Governor noted with pleasure the general absence of labor troubles in the State, due to the high intelligence and character of its citizens.

Governor Rich Inaugurated.

The inaugural message of Governor Rich, of Michigan, was unusually brief, and opened with a plea in favor of good roads.

He criticised the operation of the Miner law, which provides for the election of Presidential electors by districts, but did not absolutely recommend its repeal; favored two boards of election inspectors at the polls on election day to facilitate the count and a canvass of the vote for State officers one month earlier than now, and wants legitimate campaign expenses defined.

The Governor asked, among other things, for an additional appropriation for the World's Fair and an effective quarantine against cholera.

The message of the retiring Governor, Winans, calls attention to the excellent financial condition of the State, and the very satisfactory condition of all State institutions. The appropriation for the World's Fair he thought was sufficient. The establishment of a public road system was urged.

New Hampshire's Governor.

Governor John P. Smith, of New Hampshire, in his inaugural address at Concord said that the sum of $108,136 represents the excess of revenue over expenditures during the last fiscal year.

The Governor noted with commendation the wholesome effect of the withdrawal of foreign insurance corporations from business in the State, which caused an increase in the prosperity and the number of domestic companies. The ratio of losses paid to premiums has been reduced from 63.6 to 38.9.

The prohibitory policy has been in effect in New Hampshire for nearly forty years, and Governor Smith deprecated any change.

The Governor also recommended better provision for the National Guard, appropriations additional to the $25,000 already authorized for the World's Fair, and a monument to the heroes of Stark's Brigade at Bennington.

THE LABOR WORLD.

UTAH silver mines have shut down.

CHICAGO has 562 bona fide labor organizations.

FACTORIES are busy making summer goods.

IT is well known that over 100,000 people are at present unemployed in Vienna, Austria.

A PROPOSITION to establish a universal labor headquarters is being considered by Chicago labor men.

LATE statistics show that in London more than 300,000 families earn less than seventy-five cents each per day.

JOHN BURNS asserts that sixty per cent. of the English workmen over sixty years of age are in receipt of poor relief.

IN Boston the bosses and the clothing-cutters have joined hands to compel sweaters to grant the demands of their workmen.

AT New Plymouth, New Zealand, E. M. Smith, a lamplighter, was elected a member of the Colonial Parliment by the local labor organizations.

A FEDERAL court in Macon in a decision against the Georgia Central road held that a man could not be discharged simply because he belonged to a labor union.

ALL railroad employes of Russia who have not embraced the faith of the Greek Church prior to February 1, 1893, will be discharged from the Government's service.

ONE HUNDRED miners at the slope mines of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Coal Company, at Salineville, Ohio, have struck, a disagreement with the company over the size of screens used having arisen.

THE privation in London among the unemployed increases with the advance of winter, and, notwithstanding the numbers already there, multitudes continue to throng in from other parts of the country.

PETITIONS are circulated by many workingmen's organizations in France, asking their respective municipalities to imitate the example of the Common Council at Roubaix in giving meals to the children in public schools.

CONSIDERABLE excitement has been caused in New Zealand by the action of the Governor in appointing four veritable workingmen to the higher house of the Legislature, whose members hitherto have been selected invariably from the class of rich men, or large land-holders, or prominent politicians.

ADVICES from Lancashire, England, state that the locked-out employes in the cotton manufacturing districts had a hungry holiday, thousands of them being dependent upon charity for sustenance. Hundreds are walking about begging, and it is feared that the rigorous weather will cause the loss of many lives.

CAVALRY WIPED OUT.

Egyptians Stray From Their Outposts and the Dervishes Annihilate Them.

Details of the recent fighting between dervishes and Egyptian troops near Ambukol have just been received. The Egyptian troops numbered 120, including a body of Shaggiyeh irregulars. The dervishes were surprised by the troops at daylight and retreated to the hills, keeping up an incessant firing. A squad of the troops which followed them soon found itself cut off from the main body by ambushed dervish cavalry, supported by spearmen.

A hand-to-hand fight ensued, in which the Egyptians made a gallant defence, but unsuccessfully, as they were greatly outnumbered. A similar fate befell another detachment of the troops that followed the dervishes. The fighting continued until Captain Payne and a native officer fell. The Egyptians then retreated. Besides the losses mentioned, twenty-eight of the Egyptians and eight Shaggiyehs were killed, and fifteen wounded. The few who were left managed to return north.

THREE TROUBLES.

3 Three things which all workingmen know give the most trouble in their hard-strain work are: Sprains, Bruises, and Soreness.

THREE AFFLICTIONS

3 Three supreme afflictions, which all the world knows afflict mankind the most with Aches and Pains are: Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Lumbago.

THREE THINGS

3 to do are simply these Buy it, try it and be promptly and permanently cured by the use of

ST. JACOBS OIL CURES ALL PAIN

"German Syrup"

Regis Leblanc is a French Canadian store keeper at Notre Dame de Stanbridge, Quebec, Can., who was cured of a severe attack of Congestion of the Lungs by Boschee's German Syrup. He has sold many a bottle of German Syrup on his personal recommendation. If you drop him a line he'll give you the full facts of the case direct, as he did us, and that Boschee's German Syrup brought him through nicely. It always will. It is a good medicine and thorough in its work.

Scarcity of Codfish.

Codfish are getting scarcer and scarcer every year. They used to be as thick as herrings on the Newfoundland shores, but now they are seldom found in this part of the world. They may be plentiful enough in the deep ocean now, but are not easily taken by bait, and therefore are seldom caught by deep-sea fishermen. Cod are found on European and African coasts, but as far as this part of the world is concerned in fifty years they will be practically extinct.—Chicago Times.

When the Cat Was Sacred.

In the Middle Ages brute animals formed a prominent part in the devotional ceremonies of the time as they had in the old religion of Egypt. The cat, Ælurus, was embalmed after death and buried in the city of Bubastis, because, according to Herodotus, Diana Bubastis, the chief diety of the place, was said to have transformed herself into a cat when the gods fled to Egypt.—Burlington Hawk-Eye.

Professor Agassiz once said that his life had been such a busy one that he never had found time to get rich.

33 per ct. difference.

Royal Baking Powder

Strongest, Purest, Most Economical.

As to whether any of the baking powders are equal to the "Royal," the official tests clearly determine. When samples of various baking powders were purchased from the grocers, and analyzed by the United States Government Chemists and the Chemists of State and City Boards of Health, the reports revealed the fact that the "Royal" contained from 28 per cent. to 60 per cent. more leavening strength than the others, and also that it was more perfectly combined, absolutely pure, and altogether wholesome

As most of these powders are sold to consumers at the same price as the "Royal," by the use of the Royal Baking Powder there is an average saving of over one third, besides the advantage of assured purity and wholesomeness of food, and of bread, biscuit and cake made perfectly light, sweet, and palatable.

The official reports also reveal the presence, in other powders, of alum, lime or sulphuric acid, by which their use is made a matter of grave danger to the consumer

"Whenever a baking powder is sold at a lower price than the "Royal," or with a gift, it is a certain indication that it is made from alum, and is to be avoided under all circumstances.

THE KIND THAT CURES

MRS. P. J. CROMWELL, Esperance, N. Y

A WORLD OF JOY IN FOUR WORDS!

"Two Bottles Cured Me!"

DANA SARSAPARILLA CO.:

DEAR SIRS:—For years I have been troubled with **Rheumatism**, also **Liver** and **Kidney Trouble.** Nothing seemed to help me permanently until I tried

DANA'S SARSAPARILLA

and **two bottles CURED ME.**

Yours respectfully,

MRS. P. J. CROMWELL.

SCHOHARIE CO. SS.

This certifies that I know